



Xtrabackup in a nutshell

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Abdel-Mawla Gharieb

MySQL Support Engineer at FromDual GmbH

abdel-mawla.gharieb@fromdual.com



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- FromDual provides neutral and independent:
 - Consulting for MySQL
 - Support for MySQL and Galera
 - Remote-DBA Services
 - MySQL Training
- Consulting partner of the Open Database Alliance (ODBA.org)
- Oracle Silver Partner (OPN)
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Full Database Backup



Full Database Backup

- Create the backup files:

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--no-timestamp /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup
```

```
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

- “xtrabackup-checkpoints” file contents:
 - backup_type = full-backupped
 - from_lsn = 0
 - to_lsn = 3768762

Full Database Backup

- Prepare the backed up files:

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
-apply-log /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup
```

```
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

- To accelerate the backup preparation: “--use-memory=??G”.
- Ready to be restored.



Full Database Backup

- Restore the full backup:

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--copy-back /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup  
  
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

OR

```
$shell> mv /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup /var/lib/mysql
```

Then, assign the right permissions to mysql user:

```
$shell> chown -R mysql:mysql /var/lib/mysql
```

Full Database Backup

- **Advantages:**

- Fast & easy.
- Simple way to introduce new slave to the master.
- All Xtrabackup features supported.

- **Disadvantages:**

- Datadir contents should be completely replaced.
- Extracting one table or one database from the full backup is not possible.



Full Database Backup

- **Important hints:**
 - Xtrabackup creates the backup folder.
 - ib_logfile files size (Source & Destination).
 - The MySQL user privileges:
 - RELOAD
 - LOCK TABLES
 - REPLICATION CLIENT



Incremental Database Backup

Incremental Database Backup

- Create the base backup:

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--no-timestamp /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup
```

```
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

- “xtrabackup-checkpoints” file contents:
 - backup_type = full-backupped
 - from_lsn = 0
 - to_lsn = 3768762



Incremental Database Backup

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- Create the first incremental backup:

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--no-timestamp --incremental /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/INC1  
--incremental-basedir=/path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup
```

```
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

- “xtrabackup-checkpoints” file contents:
 - backup_type = incremental
 - from_lsn = 3768762
 - to_lsn = 4908762



Incremental Database Backup

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- Create the second incremental backup:

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--no-timestamp --incremental /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/INC2  
--incremental-basedir=/path/to/BACKUP-DIR/INC1
```

```
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

- “xtrabackup-checkpoints” file contents:
 - backup_type = incremental
 - from_lsn = 4908762
 - to_lsn = 6508762

Incremental Database Backup

- **Prepare the backup files:**

1- Replay the committed transactions in the base backup

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--apply-log --redo-only /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup  
  
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

2- Replay the committed transactions in the 1st incremental backup

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--apply-log --redo-only /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup  
--incremental-dir=/path/to/BACKUP-DIR/INC1  
  
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

Incremental Database Backup

- Prepare the backup files:

3- Replay the committed transactions in the 2nd incremental backup

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--apply-log --redo-only /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup  
--incremental-dir=/path/to/BACKUP-DIR/INC2
```

```
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

4- Roll back all uncommitted transactions

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--apply-log /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup
```

```
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

Incremental Database Backup

- Restore the full backup (incremental + base):

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--copy-back /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup
```

```
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

OR

```
$shell> mv /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/full-backup /var/lib/mysql
```

Then, assign the right permissions to mysql user:

```
$shell> chown -R mysql:mysql /var/lib/mysql
```


Incremental Database Backup

- **Advantages:**

- Less storage resources needed.
- Faster than the full backup.
- Less processing time required.

- **Disadvantages:**

- Complicate and hard process to implement as compared to the full backup.
- Based on Log Sequence Number (LSN), MyISAM doesn't affected.
- Appending all incrementals might consume time.



Incremental Database Backup

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- **Important hints:**
 - The backup sequence steps above, must be followed with the **same** order.
 - Replaying the committed transaction steps, **append** all incremental data to the full backup directory.
 - Not using “–redo-only” option.



Partial Database Backup

Partial Database Backup

- Create the backup files:

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--no-timestamp --databases="db1 db2 db3.tbl1"  
/path/to/BACKUP-DIR/partial-backup
```

```
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

- Prepare the backup files

```
$shell>innobackupex --user=DBUSER --password=DBUSERPASS  
--apply-log --export /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/partial-backup
```

```
innobackupex: completed OK!
```

Partial Database Backup

- **Restore the partial backup:**

1- Creating the tables:

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE db.tb11 (... )ENGINE=INNODB;
```

2- Discard it's tablespace

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE db.tb11 DISCARD TABLESPACE;
```



Partial Database Backup

- **Restore the partial backup:**

3- Copy “tbl1.ibd” and “tbl1.exp” files into the DB directory and assign the right permissions to mysql user.

```
$shell> cp -R /path/to/BACKUP-DIR/partial-backup/db/tbl1.*  
/var/lib/mysql/db  
$shell> chown -R mysql:mysql /var/lib/mysql/
```

4- Use the new tablespace

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE db.tbl1 IMPORT TABLESPACE;
```

Partial Database Backup

- **Advantages:**

- Although it's a complicated process, but it allows us to backup and restore individual InnoDB tables like MyISAM.

- **Disadvantages:**

- Streaming feature not supported.
- Destination server should use *Percona Server*.
- Too much effort in the restore.



Partial Database Backup

- **Important hints:**
- **Empty** datadir can be used.
- “innodb_file_per_table” server option **must be enabled** (in both source and destination servers) .
- “innodb_expand_import” server option must be enabled in the destination server (available only in **Percona server**) .
- Alternative options:
 - --include='db.tbl1'
 - --tables-file=/path/to/file.txt ==> in which you can add multiple tables one per line in the fully qualified format.



Partial Database Backup

- **Download:**

<http://www.percona.com/downloads/XtraBackup/>

- **Installation Manual:**

<http://www.percona.com/doc/percona-xtrabackup/2.1/installation.html>

Q & A



Questions ?

Discussion?

We have time for some face-to-face talks...

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 - Training

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